Appl. No.

09/809,158

Filed

March 15, 2001

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-59. (Canceled)

60. (Currently amended) A method for vaccinating a mammal against a target antigen, comprising:

introducing into the mammal by disrupting the stratum corneum an effective dose of the target antigen or an epitope(s) thereof; and

administering to the mammal a topical treatment which in the absence of antigen is sufficient to increase the number of dendritic cells migrating to a lymphoid organ, wherein the topical treatment comprises a lipophilic molecule of < 500 daltons capable of traversing the stratum corneum and having the formula selected from the following formulas:.

$$R_3$$
 OR_1
 OR_2
 OR_2

wherein R_1 and R_2 are selected independently from the group consisting of alkyl side chains containing 1 to 16 carbon atoms, C_1 to C_{16} substituted alkyl, C_3 to C_{10} cycloalkyl, C_3 to C_{10} substituted cycloalkyl, C_2 to C_{10} alkenyl, C_2 to C_{10} substituted alkynyl, and C_2 to C_{10} substituted alkynyl;

wherein R₃ and R₄ are independently hydrogen atom, hydroxy group, or are linked to form a cyclic ring, which comprises unsaturated C₆ cycloalkyl.

- 61. (Cancelled)
- 62. (Cancelled)
- 63. (Currently amended) The A method of Claim 62 for vaccinating a mammal against a target antigen, comprising:

introducing into the mammal by disrupting the stratum corneum an effective dose of the target antigen or an epitope(s) thereof; and

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administering to the mammal a topical treatment which in the absence of antigen is sufficient to increase the number of dendritic cells migrating to a lymphoid organ, wherein the topical treatment comprises a lipophilic molecule capable of traversing the stratum corneum, and wherein the lipophilic molecule is dibutyl phthalate or camphor.

- 64. (Cancelled)
- 65. (Cancelled)
- 66. (Currently amended) The method of Claim $\underline{60}$ 64, wherein the R_1 and R_2 groups are identical C_1 to C_6 alkyl moieties.
- 67. (Currently amended) The method of Claim $\underline{60}$ 64, wherein R_1 and R_2 are $(CH_2)_3$ - CH_3 .
 - 68. (Cancelled)
 - 69. (Cancelled)
 - 70. (Cancelled)
- 71. (Currently amended) The A method of Claim 64, for vaccinating a mammal against a target antigen, comprising:

introducing into the mammal by disrupting the stratum corneum an effective dose of the target antigen or an epitope(s) thereof; and

administering to the mammal a topical treatment which in the absence of antigen is sufficient to increase the number of dendritic cells migrating to a lymphoid organ, wherein the topical treatment comprises a lipophilic molecule capable of traversing the stratum corneum, and wherein the lipophilic molecule is selected from the group dibutyl-D-tartrate, N.N-diethyl-toluamide, consisting of dibutyl phthalate, diisooctylmaleate, diethylhexylmaleate, di(2-ethylhexyl)fumarate, dibutylfumarate, diisooctylfumarate, benzoic acid, biphenylmaleate bihenylmaleate, dioctylphthalate, dibutylmaleate, dioctymaleate, dibutylsuccinate, dioctylsuccinate, dinonylphthalate, dipropylphthalate, dimethylphthalate, diethylphthalate, diisononylphthalate, diphenylphthalate, dibenzylbutylphthalate, and diethylmethylphthalate.

- 72. (Cancelled)
- 73. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 60, 63 or 71 61, wherein the lipophilic molecule has an oil/water partition coefficient >1.

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74. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 60, 63 or 71 61, wherein the lipophilic molecule has an oil/water partition coefficient of between about 10 and about 10⁶.

- 75. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 60, 63 or 71, wherein the topical treatment further comprises an organic solvent.
- 76. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 75, wherein the organic solvent is acetone.
 - 77. (Cancelled)
- 78. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 60, 63 or 71, wherein the introducing step further comprises transferring cells comprising the target antigen or epitope(s) thereof.
- 79. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 78, wherein the target antigen is selected from the group consisting of a virus, a bacterium, a fungus, and a parasite.
- 80. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 60, 63 or 71, wherein the introducing step further comprises injecting the target antigen or epitope(s) thereof.
- 81. (Previously presented) The method of Claim 80, wherein the injection is made via a route selected from the group consisting of intraepidermal, intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, intravascular, or into a specific organ.
- 82. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 60, 63 or 71, wherein the topical treatment is sufficient to increase further increases the number of target antigen-bearing dendritic cells in the lymphoid organ by a factor of about 2 to about 1000 times the number of resident dendritic cells in an untreated mammal.
- 83. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 82, wherein the number of target antigen-bearing dendritic cells in the lymphoid organ is increased by a factor of about 5 to about 100 times the number of resident dendritic cells in an untreated animal.
- 84. (Currently amended) The method of Claim 60, 63 or 71, wherein the target antigen is a tumor antigen.
 - 85. (Cancelled)
 - 86. (New) A method for vaccinating a mammal against a target antigen, comprising: introducing into the mammal by injection an effective dose of the target antigen or an epitope(s) thereof; and

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administering to the mammal a topical treatment which in the absence of antigen is sufficient to increase the number of dendritic cells migrating to a lymphoid organ, wherein the topical treatment comprises ultrasound.